

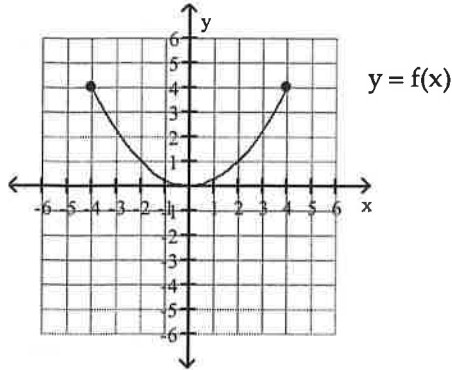
Name \_\_\_\_\_

**SHORT ANSWER.** Write the word or phrase that best completes each statement or answers the question.

Use the graph of the function  $f$ , plotted with a solid line, to sketch the graph of the given function  $g$ .

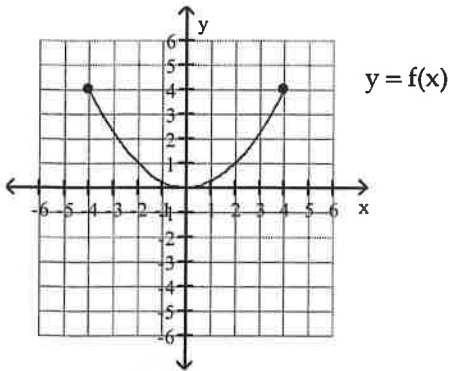
1)  $g(x) = f(x + 2) + 2$

1) \_\_\_\_\_



2)  $g(x) = -f(x - 2) - 2$

2) \_\_\_\_\_



**Find the domain of the function.**

3)  $f(x) = \frac{x^2}{x^2 + 6}$

3) \_\_\_\_\_

4)  $h(x) = \frac{x - 4}{x^3 - 16x}$

4) \_\_\_\_\_

5)  $\frac{x}{\sqrt{x - 4}}$

5) \_\_\_\_\_

**Given functions  $f$  and  $g$ , determine the domain of  $f + g$ .**

6)  $f(x) = 5x + 10, \quad g(x) = \frac{2}{x - 9}$

6) \_\_\_\_\_

$$7) f(x) = \frac{4x}{x-8}, \quad g(x) = \frac{5}{x+2}$$

7) \_\_\_\_\_

**Find the domain of the indicated combined function.**

$$8) \text{ Find the domain of } \left(\frac{f}{g}\right)(x) \text{ when } f(x) = 4x^2 - 8x \text{ and } g(x) = x^2 - 6x - 3.$$

8) \_\_\_\_\_

**For the given functions  $f$  and  $g$ , find the indicated composition.**

$$9) f(x) = 3x + 7, \quad g(x) = 2x - 1$$

$$(f \circ g)(x)$$

9) \_\_\_\_\_

$$10) f(x) = \frac{4}{x+6}, \quad g(x) = \frac{7}{8x}$$

$$(f \circ g)(x)$$

10) \_\_\_\_\_

**Find the domain of the composite function  $f \circ g$ .**

$$11) f(x) = 3x + 9; \quad g(x) = \sqrt{x}$$

11) \_\_\_\_\_

$$12) f(x) = \frac{6}{x+7}, \quad g(x) = x + 2$$

12) \_\_\_\_\_

**Determine which two functions are inverses of each other.**

$$13) f(x) = \frac{x+8}{4} \quad g(x) = 4x + 8 \quad h(x) = \frac{x-4}{8}$$

13) \_\_\_\_\_

**Find the inverse of the one-to-one function.**

$$14) f(x) = \frac{2x+5}{7}$$

14) \_\_\_\_\_

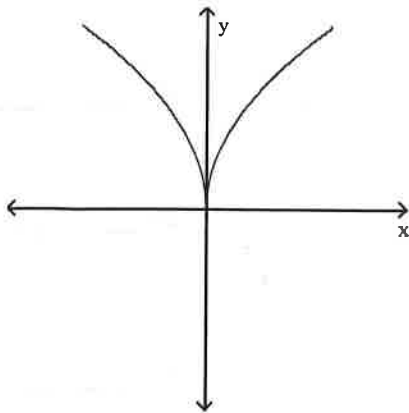
$$15) f(x) = \frac{5}{7x-8}$$

15) \_\_\_\_\_

**Does the graph represent a function that has an inverse function?**

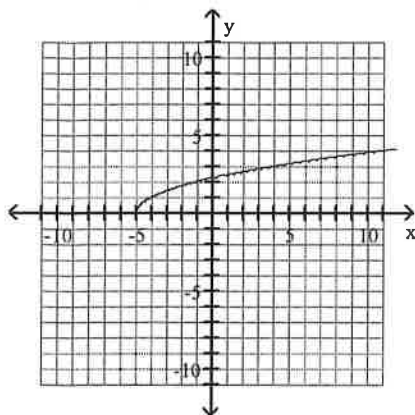
16)

16) \_\_\_\_\_



Use the graph of  $f$  to draw the graph of its inverse function.

17)



17) \_\_\_\_\_

Find the vertical asymptotes, if any, of the graph of the rational function.

18)  $\frac{x - 81}{x^2 - 8x + 15}$

18) \_\_\_\_\_

Find the horizontal asymptote, if any, of the graph of the rational function.

19)  $f(x) = \frac{8x}{2x^2 + 1}$

19) \_\_\_\_\_

20)  $g(x) = \frac{10x^2}{2x^2 + 1}$

20) \_\_\_\_\_

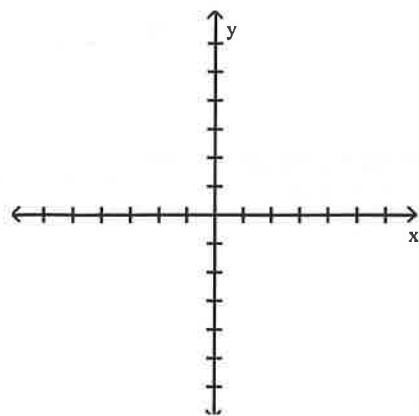
21)  $h(x) = \frac{10x^3}{5x^2 + 1}$

21) \_\_\_\_\_

Graph the rational function.

22)  $f(x) = \frac{x^2 - 2x - 3}{x^2 - 1}$

22) \_\_\_\_\_



Find the indicated intercept(s) of the graph of the function.

23) x-intercepts of  $f(x) = \frac{x - 9}{x^2 + 2x - 3}$

23) \_\_\_\_\_

24) y-intercept of  $f(x) = \frac{x^2 - 11x}{x^2 + 7x - 6}$

24) \_\_\_\_\_

Find the slant asymptote, if any, of the graph of the rational function.

25)  $f(x) = \frac{x^2 - 3x + 2}{x + 5}$

25) \_\_\_\_\_

Determine whether the given function is even, odd, or neither.

26)  $f(x) = x^3 - 3x$

26) \_\_\_\_\_

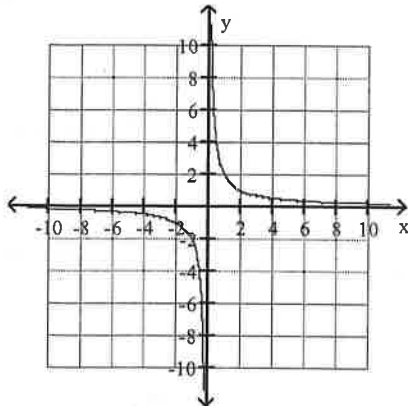
27)  $f(x) = x^3 + x^2 - 4$

27) \_\_\_\_\_

Use possible symmetry to determine whether the graph is the graph of an even function, an odd function, or a function that is neither even nor odd.

28)

28) \_\_\_\_\_



Evaluate the piecewise function at the given value of the independent variable.

29)  $f(x) = \begin{cases} x + 3 & \text{if } x > -2 \\ -(x + 3) & \text{if } x \leq -2 \end{cases}; f(-6)$

29) \_\_\_\_\_

Solve the problem.

30) Two apartment tenants have a total of 2400 feet of fencing to enclose a rectangular garden and subdivide into two smaller gardens, one for each of them, by placing the fencing parallel to one of the sides. Find the maximum possible area of the enclosed region.

30) \_\_\_\_\_

Write the standard form of the equation of the circle with the given center and radius.

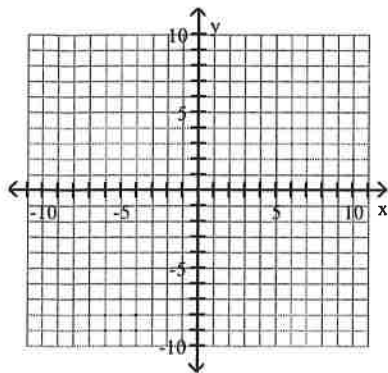
31)  $(-8, 10); \sqrt{19}$

31) \_\_\_\_\_

Graph the equation, and state the domain and range.

32)  $(x - 6)^2 + (y - 3)^2 = 9$

32) \_\_\_\_\_



Write the equation in standard form. Then give the center and radius of the circle.

33)  $x^2 + y^2 - 10x - 8y + 29 = 0$

33) \_\_\_\_\_

Find the standard form of the equation of the ellipse satisfying the given conditions.

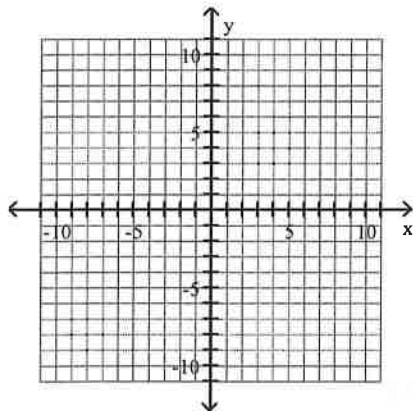
34) Endpoints of major axis:  $(-2, 1)$  and  $(-2, 7)$ ; endpoints of minor axis:  $(-4, 4)$  and  $(0, 4)$ ;

34) \_\_\_\_\_

Graph the ellipse.

35)  $\frac{(x - 1)^2}{16} + \frac{(y + 1)^2}{9} = 1$

35) \_\_\_\_\_



Find the foci of the ellipse whose equation is given.

36)  $\frac{(x + 2)^2}{9} + \frac{(y - 1)^2}{36} = 1$

36) \_\_\_\_\_

Convert the equation to the standard form for an ellipse by completing the square on x and y.

37)  $36x^2 + 16y^2 + 72x + 96y - 396 = 0$

37) \_\_\_\_\_

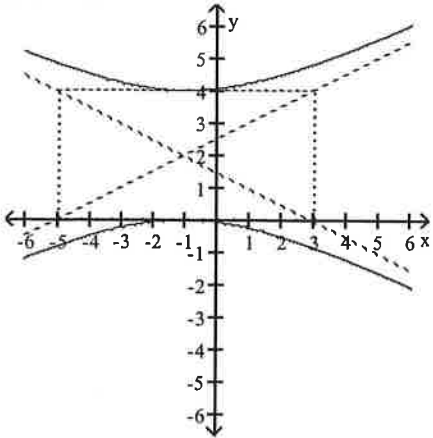
Find the standard form of the equation of the hyperbola satisfying the given conditions.

38) Center:  $(4, 7)$ ; Focus:  $(-3, 7)$ ; Vertex:  $(3, 7)$

38) \_\_\_\_\_

Find the standard form of the equation of the hyperbola.

39)



39) \_\_\_\_\_

Convert the equation to the standard form for a hyperbola .

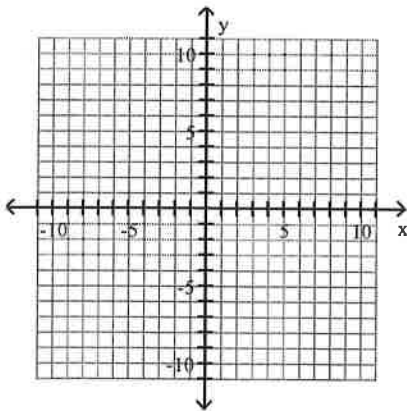
$$40) y^2 - 25x^2 + 4y + 50x - 46 = 0$$

40) \_\_\_\_\_

Use the center, vertices, and asymptotes to graph the hyperbola.

$$41) \frac{(y + 2)^2}{4} - \frac{(x + 1)^2}{25} = 1$$

41) \_\_\_\_\_



Find the standard form of the equation of the parabola using the information given.

$$42) \text{Vertex: } (2, -5); \text{Focus: } (2, -7)$$

42) \_\_\_\_\_

$$43) \text{Focus: } (0, -2); \text{Directrix: } x = 6$$

43) \_\_\_\_\_

Convert the equation to the standard form for a parabola.

$$44) x^2 - 2x + 7y - 34 = 0$$

44) \_\_\_\_\_

Find the vertex, focus, and directrix of the parabola with the given equation.

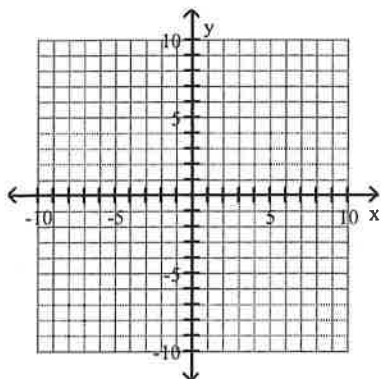
$$45) (y - 3)^2 = -16(x - 4)$$

45) \_\_\_\_\_

Graph the parabola with the given equation.

46)  $(x + 2)^2 = 8(y + 2)$

46) \_\_\_\_\_



Solve the problem.

47) An office manager is buying used filing cabinets. Small file cabinets cost \$5 each and large file cabinets cost \$8 each, and the manager cannot spend more than \$59 on file cabinets. A small cabinet takes up 7 square feet of floor space and a large cabinet takes up 10 square feet, and the office has no more than 79 square feet of floor space available for file cabinets. The manager must buy at least 7 file cabinets in order to get free delivery. Let  $x$  = the number of small file cabinets bought and  $y$  = the number of large file cabinets bought. Write a system of inequalities that describes these constraints.

47) \_\_\_\_\_

An objective function and a system of linear inequalities representing constraints are given. Graph the system of inequalities representing the constraints. Find the value of the objective function at each corner of the graphed region. Use these values to determine the maximum value of the objective function and the values of  $x$  and  $y$  for which the maximum occurs.

48) Objective Function  $z = 7x + 6y$   
 Constraints  $x \geq 0$   
 $y \geq 0$   
 $3x + y \leq 21$   
 $x + y \leq 10$   
 $x + 2y \geq 12$

48) \_\_\_\_\_

Find the indicated sum.

49)  $\sum_{k=2}^4 k(k - 10)$

49) \_\_\_\_\_

Write a formula for the general term (the  $n$ th term) of the arithmetic sequence. Then use the formula for  $a_n$  to find  $a_{20}$ , the 20th term of the sequence.

50)  $-11, -18, -25, -32, \dots$

50) \_\_\_\_\_

Find the indicated sum.

51) Find the sum of the first 20 terms of the arithmetic sequence:  $-12, -6, 0, 6, \dots$

51) \_\_\_\_\_

**Solve the problem.**

- 52) A brick staircase has a total of 17 steps. The bottom step requires 116 bricks. Each successive step requires 5 fewer bricks than the prior one. How many bricks are required to build the staircase? 52) \_\_\_\_\_

**Write a formula for the general term (the nth term) of the geometric sequence.**

- 53)  $-5, -15, -45, -135, -405, \dots$  53) \_\_\_\_\_

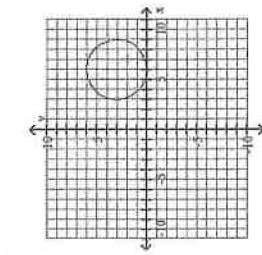
**Use the formula for the sum of the first n terms of a geometric sequence to solve.**

- 54) Find the sum of the first 13 terms of the geometric sequence:  $7, -14, 28, -56, 112, \dots$  54) \_\_\_\_\_

**Find the sum of the infinite geometric series, if it exists.**

- 55)  $96 + 24 + 6 + \frac{3}{2} + \dots$  55) \_\_\_\_\_



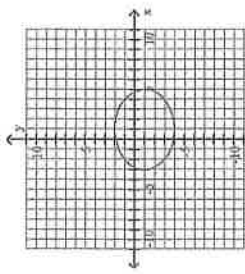


Domain = (3, 2), Range = (0, 6)

33)  $(x - 5)^2 + (y - 4)^2 = 12$

34)  $(x + 2)^2 + (y - 4)^2 = 9$

35)  $(x + 1)^2 + (y + 3)^2 = 16$



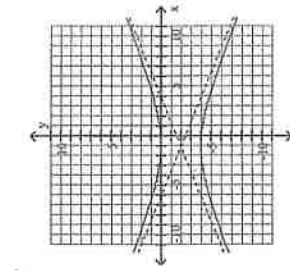
36) foci at  $(-2, 1 - 3\sqrt{3})$  and  $(-2, 1 + 3\sqrt{3})$

37)  $\frac{(x + 1)^2}{16} + \frac{(y + 3)^2}{36} = 1$

38)  $(x - 4)^2 + \frac{(y - 7)^2}{48} = 1$

39)  $\frac{(y - 2)^2}{4} - \frac{(x + 1)^2}{16} = 1$

40)  $\frac{(y + 2)^2}{25} - (x - 1)^2 = 1$



41)  $(x - 2)^2 = -8(y + 5)$

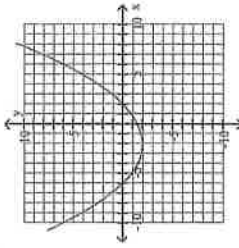
42)  $(y + 2)^2 = -12(x - 3)$

43)  $(x - 1)^2 = -7(y - 5)$

44) vertex: (4, 3)

45) focus: (0, 3)

46) directrix:  $x = 8$



47)  $5x + 8y \leq 59$

$7x + 10y \leq 79$

$x + y \geq 7$

48) Maximum 65.5; at (5.5, 4.5)

49) -61

50)  $a_n = -7n - 4$ ;  $a_{20} = -144$

51) 900

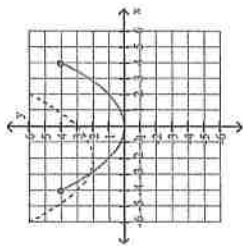
52) 1292 bricks

53)  $a_n = -5(3)^n - 1$

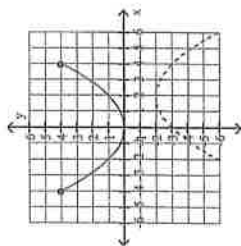
54) 19,117

55) 128

1)

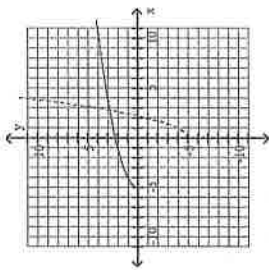


2)

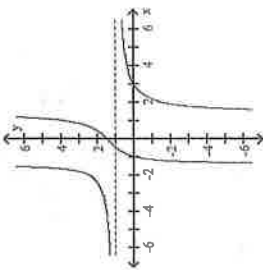


- 3)  $(-\infty, \infty)$
- 4)  $(-\infty, -4) \cup (-4, 0) \cup (0, 4) \cup (4, \infty)$
- 5)  $(4, \infty)$
- 6)  $(-\infty, 9)$  or  $(9, \infty)$
- 7)  $(-\infty, -2)$  or  $(-2, 8)$  or  $(8, \infty)$
- 8) Domain:  $(-\infty, 3 - 2\sqrt{3}) \cup (3 - 2\sqrt{3}, 3 + 2\sqrt{3}) \cup (3 + 2\sqrt{3}, \infty)$
- 9)  $6x + 4$
- 10)  $\frac{32x}{7 + 48x}$
- 11)  $[0, \infty)$
- 12)  $(-\infty, -9)$  or  $(-9, \infty)$
- 13) None
- 14)  $f^{-1}(x) = \frac{7x - 5}{2}$
- 15)  $f^{-1}(x) = \frac{5}{7x} + \frac{8}{7}$
- 16) No

17)



- 18)  $x = 5, x = 3$
- 19)  $y = 0$
- 20)  $y = 5$
- 21) no horizontal asymptote
- 22)



- 23)  $(9, 0)$
- 24)  $(0, 0)$
- 25)  $y = x - 8$
- 26) Odd
- 27) Neither
- 28) Odd
- 29) 3
- 30)  $A(x) = x \left( \frac{2400 - 3x}{2} \right)$  **MAX = 240,000 ft<sup>2</sup>**
- 31)  $(x + 8)^2 + (y - 10)^2 = 19$