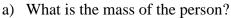
Use a separate sheet to show your work clearly

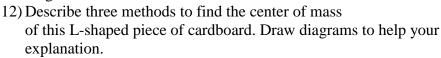
- 1) Define center of mass.
- 2) How is center of mass related to inertia?
- 3) How is center of mass related to gravity?
- 4) When is a free-standing object stable?
- 5) Why is the concept of center of mass useful?
- 6) A father and his young son get on a teeter-totter. The son sits 2 m from the center, but the father has to sit closer to balance. Where does the father have to sit to balance the teeter-totter if he weighs 4 times as much as his son?
- 7) On a meter stick, there are masses hanging. On the left are masses of 3 g at 0.20 m and 10 g at 0.40 m from the center. On the right is a 6 g mass at 0.50 m from the center. Where would a 4 g mass have to be hung to make the meter stick balance at the center (so that CM is at center)?
- 8) Two masses are hanging from the ends of a 1 m bar. Where is the balance point (center of mass) of the system? m_1 is 1 kg, m_2 is 3 kg. Ignore the mass of the bar between the two masses.

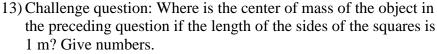


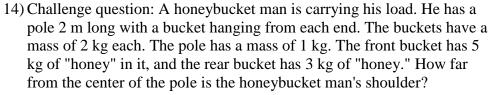
- 9) Same as the previous question, but m₁ is 20 kg and m₂ is 50 kg and the masses are each 1 cm in from the ends of the bar, so they're 0.98 m apart.
- 10) A person is standing on the very end of a 2 m long board that is level and balanced. The balance point is 0.20 m from the end the person is on. The board has a mass of 20 kg.

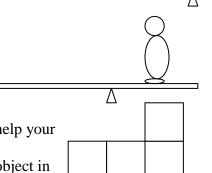


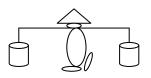
- b) How much does the person weigh?
- 11) A 98 N person is standing on a board, 1 m from the end. The board is balanced on a point that is 2m from the same end. The board is 49 N. How long is the board overall?











Answers

- 6. 0.5 m on opp side 7. 0.4m right of center 8. 0.25 m from the 3 kg mass 9. 0.28 m from the 50 kg 10. a) 80kg, b) 784N 11. 8m
- 13. The center of mass is 0.25 m to the left and 0.25 m below the inside corner of the L.
- 14. The man's shoulder is 0.15 m (2/13 m) forward of the center.