Number Sense Vocabulary

<u>Periods</u>: The groups of three place values on the number chart. Commas are used to separate the periods when writing large numbers.

Billions millions thousands ones

Standard Form - a way to write numbers using one digit in each place value.

Example: 324, 501

Word Form: A way to write the value of a number using words only.

Example: three hundred twenty-four thousand five hundred one

Short Word Form: a way to write numbers using both digits and words.

Example: 324 thousand 501

Expanded Form: A way to write numbers showing the value of each digit.

Example: 300, 000 + 20, 000 + 4, 000 + 500 + 1

Expanded Notation: a way to write numbers showing each digit times the corresponding place value

Example: (3 •100,000) + (2 • 10,000) + (4 •1,000) + (5 • 100) + (1 •1)

Symbols

- < less than
- > greater than
- = equal to
- ≠ not equal to
- ≈ is approximately equal to

BII	BILLIONS	NS.	MI	MILLIONS	NS.	보이	THOUSANDS	NDS		SHES	
hundreds	tens	ones	hundreds	tens	ones	hundreds	tens	ones	hundreds	tens	ones
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				7		·	<i>j.</i>			2 A	
		(12) di			ä						
							12				
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What were you doing 1 Million seconds ago?

1,000,000 ÷ 60 seconds in a minute= 16,666.66 minutes

 $16,667 \div 60$ minutes in an hour= 277.78 hours 278 hours \div 24 hours in a day= 11.6 days ago

What were you doing 1 Billion seconds ago?

1 billion = 1,000 • 1,000,000 (1 million)

 $1,000 \cdot 11.6 \text{ days} = 11,600 \text{ days}$

 $11,600 \text{ days} \div 365 \text{ days in a year} = 31.78 \text{ years}$.78 of a year = 9 months

1 Billion Seconds = 31 years 9 months ago

Standard Form	35,692,184
Word Form	
Short Word Form	
A for S S S S.	
Expanded Form	
Expanded Notation	

Number Forms HW

Standard Form to Word Form: 362,007,402,619	
Standard Form to Word Form : 845,294,120,480	
5 4 F	CALLERY IN PROC
Standard Form to Short Word Form:	
719,418,002,012	
Standard Form to Short Word Form: 810,369,374,908	
Word Form to Standard Form:	ueand
Nine hundred forty-two billion three hundred seven million sixteen tho eight hundred twenty-six	usana
Word Form to Standard Form: Six hundred two billion seven hundred nineteen million four hundred twenty-two thousand thirty-one	

Standard Form	48 1,035,692,184
Word Form	
5	
Short Word Form	
an XX . E	The second of th
w.	
Expanded Form	
	N TI
Expanded Notation	
	2

7

Name:______ Date:_____

Expanded Notation

Write the following numerals in expanded notation.

1. 87,264,038,012

2. 52,008,364

3. 264,509,036

4. 7,264,108,672

Write the following numerals in standard form.

5.
$$(9 \cdot 1,000,000) + (4 \cdot 100,000) + (8 \cdot 1,000) + (2 \cdot 100) + (1 \cdot 10) + (7 \cdot 1)$$

6.
$$(7 \cdot 1,000) + (2 \cdot 1,000,000) + (4 \cdot 10,000) + (9 \cdot 10) + (3 \cdot 100,000,000)$$



Write the following in standard form.

Seven hundred million forty-nine thousand eight hundred one

9,000,000 + 30,000 + 4,000 + 200 + 40 + 9

(5 · 10,000,000,000) + (7 · 100,000,000) + (9 · 1,000,000) + (5 · 100,000) + (4 · 10,000) + (3 · 1,000) + (8 · 10) + (4 · 1)

-

Write the following numerals in word form.

.30,806,189 ___

253,605,012,501_____

Write the following numerals in expanded form.

76,905,271_____

902,003,073,012____

Write the following numerals in expanded notation.

7,650,093 _____

Name:Date:
Counting/Place Value Relationship
Use the following numeral to respond to the questions below:
538,120,476,009
1. What period is the 3 in?
2. What is the value of the 2?
3. What place value is the 5 in?
4. What period is the 7 in?
5. What is the value of the 8?
6. What place value is the 4 in?
e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e
Use the following numeral to respond to the questions below:
903,461,028,507
1. What period is the 2 in?
2. What is the value of the 6?
3. What place value is the 3 in?
4. What period is the 5 in?
5. What is the value of the 4?
6. What place value is the 2 in?

1			*
	Name:Date:		
3	Counting/Place Value Relationship		
	Use the following numeral to respond to the questions below:	*	92
	470,501,283,069		
	1. What period is the 3 in?		
	2. What is the value of the 8?		
,	3. What place value is the 7 in?		180 Tes
	4. What period is the 1 in?		161 IX
	5. What is the value of the 5?	z.	B
	6. What place value is the 3 in?		÷ 11
) ·	en e		9 . .
	Use the following numeral to respond to the questions below:		
E	45,092,016,783		
	1. What period is the 9 in?		
	2. What is the value of the 4?	30 .	
34	3. What place value is the 1 in?	4	H V
	4. What period is the 7 in?		
5	5. What is the value of the 2?		30
J	6. What place value is the 5 in?	æ	

Counting/Place Value Relationship HW

Use	the	following	numeral	to	respond	to	the	questions	below:
					6,709,5				

- *	
1. What period is the 9 in?	
2. What is the value of the	7?
What place value is the l	8 in?
4. What period is the 3 in?	
5. What is the value of the	62
6. What place value is the 5	in?
·	9 0
Use the following numeral	to respond to the questions below
	32,178,460,950
4.444	*
1. What period is the 4 in?	
2. What is the value of the 2	2?
3. What place value is the 1	in?
4. What period is the 7 in?	
5. What is the value of the 6	5?
6. What place value is the 8	in?
	*
Use the following numeral t	o respond to the questions below:
	4,168,702,953
1 What was 11	
1. What period is the 7 in?	-
2. What is the value of the 4:	2
3. What place value is the 1 in	2
4. What period is the 6 in?	30
5. What is the value of the 5?	
6. What place value is the 8 in	?
Use the following numeral to	respond to the questions below:
*	9,437,082,651
SF1	
1. What period is the 1 in?	100000000000000000000000000000000000000
r. what is the adition of the as	
J. What place value is the / in:	
4 What period is the 0 in	
" what belied is the A MS	
5. What is the value of the 8?	

4. 5.

Place Value Relationships

- 1. What happens as you move one place to the left on the place value chart?
- 2. What happens as you move one place to the right on the place value chart?
- 3. What is the relationship between the ten-thousands place and the ten-millions place?
- 4. What is the relationship between the hundreds place and the hundred-millions place?

5. How many 10,000s are in 1,000,000?

6. How many 1,000,000s are in 1,000,000,000?

7 How many 100,000;000 are in 1,000,000,000?

Ten-to-One Relationships - HW

1. How many 1,000s are in 100,000?
2. How many 100s are in 1,000,000?
3. How many 10,000s are in 100,000?
4. How many 10s are in 1,000,000?
5. How many 1,000s are in 1,000,000,000?
6. How many 1,000,000s are in 10,000,000,000?
7. How many 10,000s are in 100,000,000,000?
8. How many 100,000,000s are in 10,000,000,000?
9. How many 100s are in 10,000,000?
10. How many 10,000,000s are in 100,000,000?
11. How many 100,000s are in 10,000?
12. How many 1,000,000s are in 100?

Exponents

Definition: Exponent tells the base how many times to be a factor Base 4^2 Exponent

Base: factor(s) that are used.

Exponent: "little voice" that tells the base how many times it has to

multiply itself - Repeated multiplication.

$$10^5 = 10 \cdot 10 \cdot 10 \cdot 10 = 100,000$$

$$5^4 = 5 \cdot 5 \cdot 5 \cdot 5$$

We say: 5 to the 4th power.

SPECIAL EXPONENTS:

42 = 4 squared or 4 to the 2nd power.

43 = 4 cubed or 4 to the 3rd power.

Any number to the zero power ALWAYS equals 1 EXCEPT zero to the zero power is undefined. ***

Proof: Base 10

$$10^4 = 10 \cdot 10 \cdot 10 \cdot 10 (\div 10)$$

$$10^3 = 10 \cdot 10 \cdot 10 (\div 10)$$

$$10^2 = 10 \cdot 10 (\div 10)$$

$$10^{1} = 10 (\div 10)$$

$$10^{\circ} = 1$$

 $6^{\circ} = 1$

decreases by one, you

DIVIDE by the BASE. *

$$6^{3} = 6 \cdot 6 \cdot 6 (\div 6)$$
 $6^{2} = 6 \cdot 6 (\div 6)$
 $6^{1} = 6 (\div 6)$

$$2^{3} = 8 (\div 2)$$
 $2^{2} = 4 (\div 2)$
 $2^{1} = 2 (\div 2)$
 $2^{0} = 1$

		≪
Name:		Date:
2 2 2 E	Exponents	
Define.	. 1	
oejine.	* ## 1 *	* *
1. exponent -		*
- oxponent		
8		
Write out the multipli	cation problem first, th	1/201 0000000000000000000000000000000000
2 * 4	8	
2. 24=		γ · ••
3. 9 ² =		8 f + vz
J. 9 -		
4: 3 ³ =	¥ ¥	
*		
ō. 6°=	A)	88
. 3 ² =		
* 26	* **	
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$4^3 =$		e
· 7 ^t =		ξ
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
0		a **
8° =		
$8^{0} = {}$ $6^{3} = {}$ $3^{4} = {}$		

13.

Represent the following expressions using an exponent.

Example: $4 \cdot 4 \cdot 4 \cdot 4 \cdot 4 = 4^5$

(i)		€	
Name:	•	Northead	
(vunc -		Date:	•

Ten-to-One Relationship/Powers of 10

- 1. How many 100,000's are in 1,000,000,000?
- 2. How many 100's are in 100,000?
- 3. How many 10,000's are in 100,000,000.
- 4. How many 1,000,000's are in 100,000,000,000?
- 5. How many 100,000's are in 10,000,000?____
- 6. How many 1,000's are in 100,000,000,000?

Compute (Simplify).

7.
$$10^2 =$$

$$9. 10^4 =$$

Write the following numbers using exponents.

al Place Values
Place
Chart with Decimal
art with
/alue Chart
Place Value (

			2	
	thousandths	0.00001	100000	
	ten- thousandths	0.0001	10000	
	thousandths	0.001	1000	
	hundredths	0.01	100	
	tenths	0.1	101	
Ì		***		
	seuo	-	100	
	tens	10	101	*** *** *** *** *** *** *** *** *** **
	hundreds	100	102	-
	thousands	1,000	103	
	ten thousands	10,000	104	
	hundred thousands	100,000	105	

"THS" - means to the right of the decimal point

The value of each place is 10 times the place to its right.

The value of each place is $\frac{1}{10}$ of the place to the left.

Ex. Thousands – a thousand is $\frac{1}{10}$ of ten thousand.

Rounding-Rolling 9s

Rounding is a type of estimation, but in it, you have an EXACT answer to a specific place value.

When you round a number, you find the digit in the place value you are rounding to and <u>underline</u> it. Then you look at it's "right-hand man" - and circle it.

Round to the hundredths PV: 5, 7(3)0

the 3 tells the 7 to stay the same

If the "right hand man" is:

- 0,1,2,3, 4 = the digit stays the same
- 5,6,7,8,9 = the digit goes up by 1

THE **RIGHT** OF THE PV YOU ARE ROUNDING TO, ALL DIGITS BECOME "O". ALL DIGITS TO THE **LEFT** STAY THE SAME.

Round to the nearest hundred thousand:

• The 8 tells the nine to go up by 1, but if it goes up by 1, it becomes a 10. 10 doesn't fit in ONE PV so you have to "Roll Nine" by turning the 9(s) into 0. Then go to the next digit, the 7, and add the 1 to become 8. All the digits to the right of that new 8 become zero. **Sometimes there can be more than one 9 that you have to "roll over" and turn into zero. **

Practice: Round to the nearest:	
million: 954,602,728	
hundred thousand: 579,957,321	_
ten thousand: 689,996,017	
ten million: 10,589,990,451	

<u>8</u>	
e ag si	۷۱
	ate:
Roun	d
Round to the nearest HUNDRED.	
1) 7,699,964	2) 502,637
3) 2,459,862	4) 54,673
Round to the nearest TEN MILLION.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
5) 5,642,589,124	6) 4,995,264,237
7) 326,498,231	8) 234,567,192
Round to the nearest THOUSAND.	
9) 468,574	10) 726,182
11) 89,997,216	12) 7,562,158
Round to the nearest HUNDRED BILLIÓ	N.
13) 875,292,428,370	14).726,819,346,829
15) 623,148,672,806	16) 967,234,506,812
Round to the nearest BILLION.	g gas ^{AS}
17) 7,268,439,120	18) 692,861,0345,726
19) 51,602,492,781	20) 2,976,426,283
Round to the nearest TEN MILLION.	
21) 568,216,934	22) 9,994,267,204

Rounding

Rot	and to the nearest THOUSAND.	20	* * *
25.	99,231	26.	467,210
27.	999,764	28.	521,614
Rou	ind to the nearest TEN MILLION.		
29.	5,426,497,167	30.	3,821,319,458
31.	9,995,114,267		9,647,137
Rou	nd to the nearest HUNDRED.		
33.	617,937	34.	\$42,657.67
35.	9,431,992	36.	6,372,816
	nd to the nearest HUNDRED MILLION.		
37.	9,861,246	38.	645,430,728
39.	10	40.	999,350,759
Roun	d to the nearest HUNDRED THOUSAND.		
41.	9,921,483	42.	2,964,730
43.	\$3,492,037	44.	3,826,149
Roun	d to the nearest HUNDRED DOLLARS.		
45 <i>.</i>	\$42,726,279.34	46.	\$63,567
47.	\$89.25	48.	\$998

Rounding Homework

Ro	ound to the nearest THOUSAND.		ž.
25	. 56,728	26.	398,412
27.	7,203,468	28.	438,625
	*		A .
Rot	und to the nearest HUNDRED MILLION.		Soc.
29.	9,962,497,167	30.	7,103,846,274
31.	67,821,067	32.	9,127,824,437
	a ★ 4 €	21	e e
Roui	nd to the nearest TEN THOUSAND.		2 4 5 5
33.	612,728	34.	3,428
) 5.	5,491,631	36.	4,996,342
	×		
Roun	d to the nearest HUNDRED THOUSAND.		e
37.	7,234,819	38.	9,598,548
39.	6,972,648	40.	999,850,759
	s		, a
Round	to the nearest THOUSAND DOLLARS.		
41.	\$9,921.48	42.	\$964,730
43.	\$475.35	44.	\$789,231.43
			2

Estimating

mate the sum of 43 + 12 + 24. Show your work:

Estimate the sum of 48 + 19 + 27. Show your work:

		i.
7		133
	ē a	
When we use	numbers than the a	ctual values, we will have an
,)	The estimate is	than the
ctual answer.	** ₉	a H
e e	*	in the second se
(m): 5:	*	# #
When we use	numbers than the ac	ctual values, we will have an
	The estimate is	

ays show your work©				. *	
Estimate: 123 x 34		2		2	
This is an: overestimate		Y		·	•
2. Estimate: 394 + 167	7/	ų. Σ	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	*	
This is an: overestimate		(4)			
3. Estimate: 189 × 76 × 278	E.	e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e	7		
This is an: overestimate				5 5 5	
1. Estimate: 214 + 123 + 409					
This is an: overestimate	27			241	
. **Challenge: Estimate; 378 + 19	9 + 42				******
This is an: overestimate because					

Practice Makes Perfect!

5.

Comparing Numerals

>		
<	<u> </u>	
=		
≠		
\approx	Ĭ.	

To compare whole numbers (0 and all positive numbers):

Step 1: **Count the number of digits** in each numeral and **write it above the numeral**. If one number has **more digits** than the other, it is **larger**.

5
4

43,008 > 4,308

521,456,302 52,145,302

<u>Step 2:</u> If they have the *same* number of digits, go to the *largest place value* and compare each digit; work from left to right. When you come to a place value where the *digits are different*, <u>underline</u> the *two digits and compare*. That will determine the larger number.

6 6 532,<u>7</u>53 > 532,<u>5</u>73

1,276,809 1,276,908

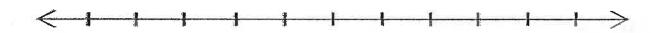
Ordering Numerals

To order whole num **Read call least	arefully to see	all positive numle if you are order order or greatest to leas	ring from
9			
Order the following			
420,572	4,987	58,123	402,978
Step 1 : Count the it above the numer	number of or	digits in each nu	ımeral and write
Step 2: If any numit is the least. If a numbers, it is the have the same numbers.	nny number h greatest. Th	nas more digits th nen compare all 1	nan all the other
			Ya.
	-	11	
			. #
Order the following	numbers fro	om GREATEST to	LEAST:
646,109,322	664,892,322	646,892,401	664,/32,219
	-		

Integers

Integers: The set of whole numbers {0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5,...} and their opposites. The roster of the set of integers - {... -3, -2, -1, 0, 1, 2, 3,...}.

Opposites: Opposites are two numbers the same distance away from zero on opposite sides of the number line. 5 and -5 are opposites.



- What is the opposite of -3? _____
- What is the opposite of -8? _____

Positive Numbers: The further away from zero, the _____ the number.

Negative numbers: The further away from zero, the the number.

Comparing Integers: < , >, =

$$2 - 1$$

Real Life Applications of Integers

I. Business

- Loss (negative)

- Profit (positive)

II. Jeopardy

-Loss of money (negative)

-gain of money (positive)

III. Temperature

-below zero degrees (negative) -10°

-above zero degrees (positive) 10°

IV. Bank Accounts

-withdrawal (negative)

-deposit (positive)

V. Football

-gain yards (positive)

-lose yards (negative)

VI. Elevation

- below sea level (negative) -25 feet

-above sea level (positive) +15 feet

<u>Integers</u>

Objective: Ordering positive and negative integers

Order the integers from least to greatest:

Order the integers from least to greatest:

Order the integers from greatest to least: